Attachment M

Historical Demonstration Information

The Texas Legislature, through the 2012-2013 General Appropriations Act and Senate Bill 7, instructed the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to expand its use of pre-paid Medicaid managed care to achieve program savings, while also preserving locally funded supplemental payments to hospitals. The State of Texas submitted a section 1115 Demonstration proposal to CMS in July 2011 to expand risk-based managed care statewide consistent with the existing STAR section 1915(b) and STAR+PLUS section 1915(b)/(c) waiver programs, and thereby replace existing Primary Care Case Management (PCCM) or fee-for-service (FFS) delivery systems. The state sought a section 1115 Demonstration as the vehicle to both expand the managed care delivery system, and to operate a funding pool, supported by managed care savings and diverted supplemental payments, to reimburse providers for uncompensated care costs and to provide incentive payments to participating hospitals that implement and operate delivery system reforms.

STAR and STAR+PLUS Programs

STAR is the primary managed care program providing acute care services to low-income families, children, and pregnant women. STAR+PLUS provides acute and long-term service and supports to older adults and adults with disabilities.

The STAR and STAR+PLUS managed care programs cover most beneficiaries statewide through three geographic expansions. The first expansion occurred on September 1, 2011, under existing section 1915(b) and section 1915(c) authorities; the second expansion occurred in March 2012, under section 1115 authority; and a third expansion of STAR+PLUS occurred on September 1, 2014 under section 1115 authority as a result of an amendment to the demonstration.

Effective March 1, 2012, the STAR program expanded statewide to include the three Medicaid rural service areas (MRSAs). Following this expansion, Medicaid eligible adults who were not enrolled in Medicare, met the level of care for Home and Community Based Services (HCBS), and resided in the MRSA, had to enroll in a STAR managed care organization (MCO); children meeting these criteria could voluntarily enroll in STAR. STAR MCOs in the MRSA provided acute care services, and will coordinate acute and long-term care services with section 1915(c) waivers, such as the Community Based Alternatives Program and the Community Living Assistance and Support Services Program, that exist outside of this section 1115 demonstration.

Effective September 1, 2014, STAR+PLUS expanded to the MRSA and Medicaid eligible adults over age 21 meeting STAR+PLUS eligibility criteria and residing in the MRSA were required to enroll in STAR+PLUS. Clients under 21 who meet the criteria may able to voluntarily enroll in STAR+PLUS effective September 1, 2014, and until the implementation of STAR Kids on November 1, 2016.
STAR and STAR+PLUS beneficiaries receive enhanced behavioral health services consistent with the requirements of the Mental Health Parity Act. As of March 2012, STAR+PLUS beneficiaries began receiving inpatient services through the contracted managed care organizations (MCOs). STAR+PLUS MCOs also provide Medicaid wrap services for outpatient drugs and biological products to dual eligible beneficiaries for whom the State has financial payment obligations. Additionally, Medicaid beneficiaries under the age of 21 received the full array of primary and preventive dental services required under the State plan, through contracting pre-paid dental plans.

Effective March 6, 2014, cognitive rehabilitation therapy services (CRT) will be provided through the STAR+PLUS HCBS program.

Effective September 1, 2014, the following additional benefits are provided:

- acute care services for beneficiaries receiving services through an intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities or a related condition (ICF/IID), or an ICF/IID waiver are provided through STAR+PLUS; employment assistance and supported employment are provided through the STAR+PLUS home and community based services (HCBS) program;
- mental health rehabilitation services will be provided via managed care; and
- mental health targeted case management for members who have chronic mental illness are provided via managed care.
- Effective March 1, 2015, nursing facility services are a covered benefit under STAR+PLUS managed care for adults over the age of 21,

Note: The NorthSTAR waiver in the Dallas service delivery area did not change as a result of the September 1, 2014 and the March 1, 2015 STAR+PLUS expansions.

Beginning January 1, 2014, children ages 6 - 18 with family incomes between 100 – 133 percent of the federal poverty level were transferred from the state’s separate Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP) to Medicaid in accordance with section 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(VII) of the Act. Under the demonstration these targeted low-income children (M-CHIP) are required to enroll in managed care. For the purposes of eligibility and benefits, these children are considered a mandatory Medicaid group for poverty-level related children and title XIX eligibility and benefit requirements apply. The state may claim enhanced match from the state’s title XXI allotment for these M-CHIP children in accordance with title XXI funding requirements and regulations. All references to CHIP and title XXI in this document apply to these M-CHIP children only. Other requirements of title XXI (for separate CHIP programs) are not applicable to this demonstration.

STAR Kids Program

Effective November 1, 2016, the following four groups of Medicaid clients from birth through age 20 will become mandatory populations through a new program under the 1115 waiver -- the STAR Kids Medicaid managed care program.
1. Clients receiving SSI and disability-related (including SSI-related) Medicaid who do not participate in a 1915(c) waiver: these children will receive their state plan acute care services and their state plan long term services and supports (LTSS) through STAR Kids.

2. Clients receiving HCBS services through the MDCP 1915(c) waiver: these children and young adults will receive the full range of state plan acute care services and state plan LTSS as well as MDCP 1915(c) HCBS waiver services through STAR Kids. The MDCP waiver will continue, but will be operated by HHSC effective November 1, 2016. This is to ensure that options for MDCP services provided under the 1915(c) authority remain available to individuals in STAR Health, which services children and young adults in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services.

3. Clients receiving HCBS through the following 1915(c) waivers -- CLASS, DBMD, HCS, TxHmL, and YES:
   a. Clients enrolled in CLASS, DBMD, HCS and TxHmL receive their 1915(c) LTSS and 1915(k) (Community First Choice) services through their current waiver provider, which are contracted with DADS. These clients receive all other state plan LTSS and acute care services through STAR Kids.
   b. Clients enrolled in the YES waiver receive their 1915(c) LTSS through their current HCBS delivery system, which is operated by DSHS. These clients receive all state plan LTSS, including 1915(k) services, as well as all acute care services through STAR Kids.

4. Clients receiving SSI and disability-related (including SSI-related) Medicaid who reside in a community-based intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities or a nursing facility: clients will continue to receive all long term services and supports provided by the facility through the current delivery system. All non-facility related services will be paid through STAR Kids.

Individuals in all four categories will receive a continuum of services, including acute care, behavioral health, and state plan long-term services and supports. STAR Kids managed care organizations will provide service coordination for all members, including coordination with non-capitated HCBS services that exist outside of this section 1115 demonstration. Indian children and young adults who are members of federally-recognized tribes, and have SSI or disability-related (including SSI-related) Medicaid or who are served through one of the 1915(c) waivers, will be able to voluntarily enroll in STAR Kids or opt to remain in traditional fee-for-service Medicaid.

Effective January 1, 2017, the NorthSTAR program (currently operated in Dallas, Ellis, Collin, Hunt, Navarro, Rockwall and Kaufman counties) will discontinue. All Medicaid behavioral health services previously provided to Medicaid-eligible individuals by NorthSTAR will be provided through the 1115 Medicaid STAR, STAR+PLUS and STAR Kids MCOs.¹ ²

Savings generated by the expansion of managed care and diverted supplemental payments will enable the state to maintain budget neutrality, while establishing two funding pools supported by

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¹ For members enrolled in STAR Kids, these services will be available through MCOs beginning November 1, 2016.
² As with all other service areas, Mental Health Targeted Case Management and Mental Health Rehabilitative services will be paid through FFS for individuals who receive Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with Medical or Mental Impairments (TCOOMMI) funded services or PASSAR services. All wrap-around services and crossover claims will be paid via FFS for dually eligible individuals not enrolled in the duals demonstration.
Federal matching funds, to provide payments for uncompensated care costs and delivery system reforms undertaken by participating hospitals and providers. These payments are intended to help providers prepare for new coverage demands in 2014 scheduled to take place under current Federal law. The state proposes that the percentage of funding for uncompensated care will decrease as the coverage reforms of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act are implemented, and the percentage of funding for delivery system improvement will correspondingly increase.

Texas plans to work with private and public hospitals to create Regional Healthcare Partnerships (RHPs) that are anchored financially by public hospitals and/or local government entities, that will collaborate with participating providers to identify performance areas for improvement that may align with the following four broad categories: (1) infrastructure development, (2) program innovation and redesign, (3) quality improvements, and (4) population focused improvements. The non-Federal share of funding pool expenditures will be largely financed by state and local intergovernmental transfers (IGTs). Texas will continue to work with CMS in engaging provider stakeholders and developing a sustainable framework for the RHPs. It is anticipated, if all deliverables identified in this demonstration’s STCs are satisfied, incentive payments for planning will begin in the second half of the first Demonstration Year (DY).

Through this demonstration, the state aims to:
- Expand risk-based managed care statewide;
- Support the development and maintenance of a coordinated care delivery system;
- Improve outcomes while containing cost growth;
- Protect and leverage financing to improve and prepare the healthcare infrastructure to serve a newly insured population; and
- Transition to quality-based payment systems across managed care and hospitals.

In May of 2016, CMS granted the demonstration a 15 month temporary extension to allow additional time for DSRIP projects to demonstrate their results. The extension also allows Texas to study its Medicaid payment and financing policies and providers’ uncompensated care burdens, and prepare for the next stage in delivery system reform.

Effective September 1, 2017, the following populations are mandatory for managed care. Those who meet the STAR Kids eligibility criteria are mandatory to enroll in STAR Kids, and the remainder are mandatory to enroll in STAR.
- Clients enrolled in the Department for Family and Protective Services (DFPS) Adoption Assistance program.
- Clients enrolled in the DFPS Permanency Care Assistance program.

Effective September 1, 2017, women participating in the Medicaid for Breast and Cervical Cancer will transition to STAR+PLUS Medicaid managed care.