

## **Medication Audit Criteria and Guidelines**

# Non-benzodiazepine Sedative Hypnotics (Receptor Agonist)

Eszopiclone (Lunesta®)

Zolpidem (Ambien®)

PEFC Approved: July 2023

#### **Indications**

If a medication is prescribed for an off-label indication, documentation in the patient chart is recommended.

#### Label:

- Difficulties with sleep initiation
- Difficulties with sleep maintenance

#### **Black Box Warning**

Complex sleep behaviors including sleepwalking, sleep-driving, engaging in other activities while not fully awake, may occur following use of eszopiclone or zolpidem. Some of these events may result in serious injuries, including death. Discontinue eszopiclone/zolpidem immediately if a patient experiences a complex sleep behavior.

### **Contraindications**

- Complex sleep behaviors after taking as stated above.
- Known hypersensitivities which may include anaphylaxis and/or angioedema.

### **Warnings and Precautions**

- Abnormal thinking and behavioral changes
- · CNS Depressant effects and next day impairment
- Use in debilitated patients
- Use in female patients
- Use in older adult population (65+ years)
- Use in patients with depression
- Use in patients with history of hepatic impairment
- Use in patients with history of respiratory disease (COPD, sleep apnea, etc.)
- Use in patients with Myasthenia gravis (zolpidem)

- Use in patients with history of substance misuse
- Use in pregnant patients
- Withdrawal effects

#### **Adverse Reactions**

Side Effects Which Require Medical Attention

- Ataxia
- CNS depression
- Complex sleep behaviors
- Confusion or disorientation
- Drowsiness
- Dysgeusia (eszopiclone)
- Dyspepsia (eszopiclone)
- Falling or dizziness
- Headache
- Nausea (eszopiclone)
- Rash
- Suicidal behavior and ideations
- Withdrawal
- Worsening agitation, disinhibition, or aggression
- Xerostomia (eszopiclone)

## **Drug Interactions of Major Significance**

See: Contraindications

See: Indiana Univ Drug Interaction Table

See: Lexicomp, Micromedex for more information

#### **Special Populations**

- Pediatrics/Adolescents
  - ▶ Safety and efficacy have not been established in children younger than 18 years.
  - "Psychotropic Medication Utilization Parameters for Children and Youth in Texas Public Behavioral Health (6th Version)" reviewed both eszopiclone and zolpidem but they were not included/recommended.
- Geriatric
  - ▶ Included in Beers Criteria, avoid use as potentially inappropriate in older adults.
- Renal: no dosage adjustments needed.
- Hepatic

- Mild to moderate hepatic impairment: eszopiclone no dosage adjustment; maximum zolpidem dose 5 mg
- Severe hepatic impairment: maximum eszopiclone dose 2 mg; avoid zolpidem use
- Hemodialysis
  - No dosage adjustment needed.
- Pregnancy and Breastfeeding
  - ▶ See Warnings and Precautions.
  - ▶ Review product-specific labeling. Consider risks/benefits in reviewing medication-specific labeling.

# **Patient Monitoring Parameters**

#### Baseline Tests:

- Pregnancy test (females)
- Assess for signs of respiratory depression

# Ongoing Tests:

- Pregnancy test (females) as clinically indicated
- Assess for signs of respiratory depression

### **Dosing**

- See HHSC Psychiatric Drug Formulary for dosage guidelines.
- If a medication is prescribed at dosages in excess of the Psychotropic Dosage Guidelines found in the HHS Psychiatric Drug Formulary, documentation in the patient chart is recommended.