

## **Medication Audit Checklist**

Tricyclic Antidepressants: Amitriptyline (Elavil®), Amoxapine (Asendin®), Clomipramine (Anafranil®), Desipramine (Norpramin®), Doxepin (Sinequan®), Imipramine (Tofranil®), Maprotiline (Ludiomil®), Nortriptyline (Pamelor®), Protriptyline (Vivactil®), Trimipramine (Surmontil®)

July 2022

	Audit Information		
	Reviewer:		
	Drug:		
	Audit #:		
	Audit Date:		
	Dose:		
	Does this audit require a physician review? Y or N		
L	Patient Information		
I	Patient #:		
	Age:		
	Ordering Provider:		
	Admit Date:		
	Gender:		
ļ			
	Attending Provider:		

Indication  This document lists only FDA- approved indications from the product labeling. The PEFC acknowledges that there are off- label indications for use that have supporting evidence for efficacy. If a medication is prescribed for an off-label indication, documentation in the patient chart is recommended.	Comments	Does this indication require a physician review?
<ul> <li>Amitriptyline: major depressive disorder, neuropathy due to diabetes mellitus</li> <li>Amoxapine: major depressive disorder, severe depression with psychotic features</li> <li>Clomipramine: obsessive-compulsive disorder</li> <li>Desipramine: major depressive disorder</li> <li>Doxepin: depression and/or anxiety associated with alcoholism, major depressive disorder, depression-psychotic disorder, insomnia</li> <li>Imipramine: major depressive disorder</li> <li>Maprotiline: bipolar disorder-depressive disorder</li> <li>Maprotiline: bipolar disorder-depressive disorder, dysthymia, mixed anxiety and depressive disorder</li> <li>Nortriptyline: major depressive disorder</li> <li>Protriptyline: major depressive disorder</li> <li>Trimipramine: major depressive disorder</li> <li>Trimipramine: major depressive disorder</li> </ul>		

Contraindications	Comments	Does this contraindication require a physician review?
<ul> <li>Concomitant use of MAOIs, including linezolid and IV methylene blue, use of MAOIs within 14 days of trimipramine discontinuation, or use of trimipramine within 14 days of discontinuing an MAOI; increased risk of serotonin syndrome</li> <li>Hypersensitivity to agent or other dibenzazepines; risk of cross-sensitivity reaction</li> <li>Myocardial infarction, during the acute recovery period (except doxepin)</li> <li>Coadministration with cisapride; may cause QT interval prolongation and increase the risk of arrhythmia (amitriptyline and protriptyline)</li> <li>Glaucoma, untreated narrow angle (doxepin)</li> <li>Urinary retention, tendency towards or severe (doxepin)</li> <li>Known or suspected seizure disorders (maprotiline)</li> </ul>		

Patient Monitoring	Comments	Does this require a physician review?
Baseline Tests:  Pregnancy test (females)  Blood pressure and heart rate  ECG  Hepatic function panel (clomipramine)  Sodium level in high risk patients (e.g., older than 65 years, previous history of antidepressant-induced hyponatremia, low body weight, concomitant use of thiazides or other hyponatremia-inducing agents, experiencing symptoms of hyponatremia)  Weight  TD assessment (amoxapine only)		

Patient Monitoring	Comments	Does this require a physician review?
<ul> <li>EPS evaluation (exam for rigidity, tremor, akathisia) (amoxapine only)</li> <li>Height &amp; weight (children &amp; adolescents)</li> </ul>		
Ongoing:  Pregnancy test (females) as clinically indicated  Blood pressure and heart rate during dosage titration and as clinically indicated  ECG as clinically indicated  Hepatic function panel (clomipramine) as clinically indicated  Sodium level in high-risk patients, 4 weeks and as clinically indicated  Therapeutic blood levels (not amoxapine) as clinically indicated  Weight at 3, 6, and 12 months, then yearly  TD and EPS assessment every 3 months and as clinically indicated (amoxapine only)  Monitor for emergence of suicidal ideation or behavior  Prolactin level yearly if symptoms of prolactin elevation (e.g. gynecomastia, amenorrhea)  Height & weight (children & adolescents) as clinically indicated		